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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/920,376 08/02/2001		. Masahiko Sato	450100-03439	4275	
20999	7590 01/25/20	5	EXAMINER		
	R LAWRENCE & F AVENUE- 10TH FL.	SCHUBERT	. SCHUBERT, KEVIN R		
	C, NY 10151		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2137		

DATE MAILED: 01/25/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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ř		Applica	tion No.	Applicant(s)			
		09/920,	376	SATO ET AL.			
0	ffic Action Summary	Examin	er	Art Unit			
		Kevin S		2137			
- The Period f r Rep	MAILING DATE f this communically	ication appears on t	he cover sheet with the d	correspondence ad	ldress		
THE MAILI - Extensions of after SIX (6) - If the period if NO period i	ENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR NG DATE OF THIS COMMUNI of time may be available under the provisions MONTHS from the mailing date of this common for reply specified above is less than thirty (30 for reply is specified above, the maximum stably within the set or extended period for reply served by the Office later than three months a lat term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	CATION. of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no unication. O) days, a reply within the substray period will apply and will, by statute, cause the a	event, however, may a reply be tir atutory minimum of thirty (30) day will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from pplication to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timel the mailing date of this c (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status							
1)⊠ Resp	onsive to communication(s) file	d on 02 August 200	01.				
· · · · · ·	a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.						
3) Since	nce this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
close	ed in accordance with the praction	ce under <i>Ex parte</i> 0	Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of	Claims						
4)⊠ Clain	n(s) <u>1-16</u> is/are pending in the a	pplication.					
• •	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
5)☐ Clain							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-16</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Clain							
8)☐ Clain	n(s) are subject to restric	tion and/or election	requirement.				
Application Pa	apers			/			
9)∏ The s	pecification is objected to by the	e Examiner.					
· —	rawing(s) filed on 02 August 20		epted or b) objected	to by the Examine	er.		
	cant may not request that any object			•			
• •	cement drawing sheet(s) including	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•	` '	FR 1.121(d).		
<u> </u>	eath or declaration is objected to	<u>*</u>	• • •	•	• •		
Priority under	35 U.S.C. § 119	·					
	owledgment is made of a claim	for foreian priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. & 119/a)-(d) or (f)			
a)⊠ All	b) Some * c) None of:	ior foreign priority o	11001 00 0.0.0. 3 110(0)-(d) or (i).			
1.	Certified copies of the priority	documents have be	een received				
2.□	Certified copies of the priority			ion No			
3.□	Copies of the certified copies				Stage		
٠.۵	application from the Internation	· ·			o.ago		
* See th	e attached detailed Office action	·	` ''	ed.			
Attachment(s)							
-	eferences Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)			
2) Notice of Dr	aftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (P		Paper No(s)/Mail D	ate			
	Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or /Mail Date 11152002.	PTO/SB/08)	5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	Patent Application (PT)) -152)		

DETAILED ACTION

Claims 1-16 have been considered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

Claims 1-16 are rejected. The term "short-distance" in claims 1-16 is a relative term which renders the claims indefinite. The term "short-distance" is not defined by the claims, the specification does not provide a standard for ascertaining the requisite degree, and one of ordinary skill in the art would not be reasonably apprised of the scope of the invention. An appropriate distinction of what differentiates a short-distance radio device from a regular radio device is required.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

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(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

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Claims 1-4,8-12, and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Cotton, U.S. Patent No. 6,148,205.

As per claims 1 and 9, the applicant describes an authentication method for short-distance radio devices with the following limitations which are met by Cotton:

a) preparing a condition where a plurality of radio devices exist, each of said radio devices comprising data communicating means for performing short-distance radio communication and authenticating means for performing authentication of said radio device (Col 2, lines 28-40; Fig 1);

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b) performing mutual authentication between two radio devices by said authenticating means automatically or after confirmation by users of said radio devices when the two radio devices come closer to each other to such an extent that coverage areas of radio waves generated by the two radio devices overlap with each other (Col 2, lines 34-40; Col 3, lines 39-46; Col 4, lines 23-28);

The applicant seeks to find a method where mutual authentication of devices is obtained without burdening the user with complicated input procedures such as ID and password. The method disclosed by applicant is based on the idea of having a device power down to limited communication capabilities when two devices which are to authenticate each other are placed in proximity of each other.

Cotton discloses a method which seeks to solve the same problem the applicant seeks to solve: "there exists a need for a method and apparatus for secure registration within... a wireless network that requires minimal consumer intervention" (Col 1, lines 53-55). Cotton accomplishes this task in the same manner as the applicant's disclosed invention in which two devices authenticate themselves through an automatic or manually triggered process in which the devices are reduced to shortened communication capabilities during authentication.

Regarding part a), Cotton's system incorporates a base station and several access devices. Each of these devices is a radio device which generates and receives RF signals. Like the applicant's preferred embodiment of a cellular phone (Page 8), Cotton discloses the use of mobile phones as the access devices (Col 2, lines 28-40). Also, since Cotton's system takes place within a home, all the devices are short-distance.

Regarding part b), the base station authenticates the access device (Col 3, lines 39-46), and the access device authenticates the base station (Col 4, lines 23-28) when the access comes within the proximity of the base station (Col 2, lines 34-40).

As per claims 2 and 10, the applicant describes the authentication method of claims 1 and 9, which are met by Cotton (see above), with the following limitation which is also met by Cotton:

wherein the step of performing the authentication by said authenticating means is performed in a state where a transmission output of said radio device is reduced to shorten a communication distance of said radio device (Col 3, lines 20-27);

As per claims 3 and 11, the applicant describes the authentication method of claims 2 and 10, which are met by Cotton (see above), with the following limitation which is also met by Cotton:

Wherein the transmission output is reduced only in a particular one of said radio devices (Fig 4);

Fig 4 depicts an access device which does not have its transmission output reduced. This means that only the base station has its transmission output reduced as one can see from 222 of Fig 2. One should also note that one embodiment of the invention has the limitation that the access device has its transmission output reduced as illustrated in 504 of Fig 5. Since the base station always has its transmission output reduced, this embodiment of the invention allows for both the base station and the access device having reduced transmission output while the embodiment of Fig 4 allows for only the base station having its transmission output reduced.

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As per claims 4 and 12, the applicant describes the authentication method of claims 2 and 10, which are met by Cotton (see above), with the following limitation which is also met by Cotton:

Wherein the transmission output is reduced upon turning-on of an authentication button provided on said radio device (Col 3, lines 53-56);

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As per claims 8 and 16, the applicant describes the authentication method of claims 1 and 9, which are met by Cotton (see above), with the following limitation which is also met by Cotton:

Wherein said radio device is a portable device (Col 2, lines 32-47);

The applicant should note that the preferred embodiment involves portable phones that activate the registration when they come within the proximity of a base station.

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The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 5-7 and 13-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Cotton in view of Nealon, U.S. Patent No. 5,463,659.

As per claims 5 and 13, the applicant describes an authenticating method for short-distance radio devices according to claims 1 and 9, which are met by Cotton (see above), with the following limitation which is met by Nealon:

Wherein the step of performing the authentication by said authenticating means is performed in a state where reception sensitivity of said radio device is reduced to shorten a communication distance of said radio device (Col 8, lines 23-34);

Cotton describes all the limitations of the independent claims 1 and 9. While Cotton does disclose powering down the RF transmission signal, he does not disclose the use of reducing the reception sensitivity.

The applicant incorporates the use of reducing the reception sensitivity so that all attention is focused on the authentication method taking place between the two devices. Nealon discloses a registration system similar to both Cotton's and the applicant's in which the devices are powered down upon the initiation of a registration process so that no calls can be placed or received from the station and the only data that is being transmitted and received is the registration data. In this method the reception sensitivity is reduced to the point of being nonexistent except for the registration communication between the devices.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was filed to incorporate the ideas of Nealon with those of Cotton and have the reception powered down as well as the

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transmission for security purposes and for the purpose of having all attention being focused on the authentication.

As per claims 6 and 14, the applicant describes an authenticating method for short-distance radio devices according to claims 5 and 13, which are met by Cotton in view of Nealon (see above), with the following limitation which is also met by Cotton:

Wherein the reception sensitivity is reduced only in a particular one of said devices (Fig 4);

The use of powering down only one of the devices is met by Cotton. Though Cotton does not disclose reducing the reception sensitivity, if one were to incorporate such a feature into Cotton's system the idea of only powering down one of said devices is met through Cotton's disclosure. The applicant should also note that Nealon's system discloses the use of only powering down one device as well when he discloses only powering down the base station and its receiving and transmitting capabilities (Col 8, lines 23-34).

As per claims 7 and 15, the applicant describes an authenticating method for short-distance radio devices according to claims 5 and 13, which are met by Cotton in view of Nealon (see above), with the following limitation which is also met by Cotton:

Wherein the reception sensitivity is reduced upon turning-on of an authentication button provided on said radio device (Col 3, lines 53-56);

The use of an authentication button which sets up the authentication or registration and powers down the device is disclosed by Cotton. The applicant should also note that Nealon discloses an authentication button as well (Col 8, lines 23-26).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kevin Schubert whose telephone number is (571) 272-4239. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:00-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor,

Andrew Caldwell can be reached on (571) 272-3868. The fax phone number for the organization where
this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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As per claims

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SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

andrew Caldwell